

(Translation)

**Articles of Association of Bangkok Land Public Company Limited (only on the part which related to the Procedures for the appointment of the Directors and the Shareholders' Meeting)**

**Chapter 4: Board of Directors**

**Article 15.** The appointment of director shall be made by a majority vote of the shareholders' meeting in accordance with the following conditions and procedures:

- (1) One shareholder shall have one vote for each share;
- (2) The shareholder shall vote for the election of the director person by person;
- (3) Persons receiving the most votes are those who are elected to be directors, in descending order, to the number of directors who are to be elected. If there is a tie in the last to be elected and this exceeds the said number of directors, the presiding chairman shall have an additional casting vote.

**Article 16.** At each Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting, one-third of the directors shall retire from office. If the number is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office.

**Article 20.** A director may be prior to due time for rotation, removed by a resolution of the Shareholders' Meeting passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of the number of shareholders attending the meeting and having the right to vote and holding the shares in aggregate of not less than half of the total shares of the shareholders who attend the meeting and have the right to vote.

**Chapter 5: Shareholders' Meeting**

**Article 29.** The Board of Directors shall convene an annual general meeting of shareholders within four months from the last day of the accounting period of the Company.

Meetings other than those specified above shall be called the extraordinary meeting. The Board of Directors may summon an extraordinary meeting whenever it deems appropriate or shareholders holding shares in aggregate not less than one-fifth of the total number of shares sold, or shareholders to a number of not less than twenty-five persons holding shares in aggregate not less than one-tenth of the total number of shares sold, may at any time subscribe their names in a letter requesting the Board of Directors to call an extraordinary meeting, provided that they must clearly give the reasons for such request in the said letter. In this case, the Board of Directors shall call the shareholders meeting within 1 month from the date of receipt of such letter from the shareholders.

**Article 30.** In summoning the shareholders' meeting, the Board of Directors shall prepare a notice of the meeting specifying the place, date, time, agenda and the matters to be submitted to the meeting together with appropriate details stating clearly whether they will be for acknowledgement, for

approval or for consideration, including the opinions of the Board of Directors on the said matters and shall send the same to the shareholders for information not less than 7 days prior to the meeting. Publication of notice of the meeting shall also be made in a newspaper for 3 consecutive days at least 3 days prior to the meeting.

The shareholders' meeting may be held at the locality in which the Company's head office or the Company's branch office is situated or any other province around the Kingdom or any other place where the Board deems appropriate.

**Article 31.** The Company may suspend its acceptance to register the transfer of shares 21 days prior to each Meeting of Shareholders by making an advance announcement at its head office and all branches to inform the shareholders of such at least 14 days before the date of its suspension of registration of share transfers.

**Article 32.** In the shareholders' meeting, there shall be shareholders and proxies (if any) at a number of not less than twenty-five persons holding in aggregate not less than one-third of the total number of shares sold or shareholders and proxies at a number of not less than one-half of the total number of shareholders holding in aggregate not less than one-third of the total number of shares sold to constitute a quorum.

If after one hour from the time fixed for the shareholders' meeting, the number of shareholders present is insufficient to form a quorum as specified, if such shareholders' meeting was convened at the request of shareholders, it shall be cancelled. If such shareholders' meeting was not convened at the request of shareholders, the meeting shall be called again and in a latter case notice calling for meeting shall be sent to shareholders and the register not less than 7 days before the date of the meeting. In the latter meeting, a quorum is not compulsory.

**Article 33.** In casting votes one share shall be entitled to one vote and the resolution of the shareholders' meeting shall comprise of the following votes:

- (1) In normal case, the majority of votes of shareholders who attend the meeting and cast votes. In case of equality of votes, the Chairman of the Board shall have an additional casting vote;
- (2) In the following cases, a resolution shall be passed by votes of not less than three-fourths of the total number of votes of shareholders who attend the meeting and are entitled to vote:
  - (a) The sale or transfer of the whole or substantial part of the businesses of the Company to other persons;
  - (b) The purchase or acceptance of transfer of businesses of other companies or private companies to the Company;
  - (c) The making, amendment or termination of contracts relating to the leasing out of the whole or substantial part of the businesses of the Company, the assignment to any other persons to manage the business of the Company, or the

consolidation of the business with other persons with an objective towards profit and loss sharing;

- (d) The amendment of Memorandum or Articles of Association;
- (e) The increase or decrease in the Company's capital;
- (f) The amalgamation or dissolution of the Company; and
- (g) The issuance of debentures.

**Article 34.** Transactions to be conducted at the annual general meeting are as follows:

- (1) Acknowledging the report of the Board of Directors covering the work done during the preceding year;
- (2) Considering and approving the balance sheets;
- (3) Considering the appropriation of profits and the payment of dividends;
- (4) Election of new directors in place of those who must retire on the expiration of their terms;
- (5) Appointment of the auditor and fixing his remuneration; and
- (6) Other businesses.

#### **Public Company Limited Act B.E.2535 relating to the shareholders' meeting**

**Section 98** The board of directors shall call a meeting of shareholders which is an annual ordinary meeting of shareholders within four months of the last day of the accounting year of the Company.

The meeting of shareholders other than the one referred to in paragraph one shall be called extraordinary meetings.

**Section 101** In calling a meeting of shareholders, the board of directors shall prepare a written notice calling the meeting that indicates the place, date, time, agenda of the meeting and the matters to be proposed to the meeting together with sufficient detail by indicating clearly whether it is the matter proposed for information, for approval or for consideration, as the case may be, including the opinions of the board of directors in the said matters, and shall be delivered to the shareholders and the registrar for their information not less than seven days prior to the date of the meeting. The notice calling for the meeting shall also be published in a newspaper not less than three days prior to the date of the meeting.

The place of the meeting under paragraph one shall be in the locality in which the head office of the company is located or in a nearby province, unless otherwise stipulated by the articles of association.

**Section 102** Shareholders are entitled to attend and vote at the meeting of shareholders but they may also authorize other person as proxies to attend and vote at any meeting on their behalf. In this regard, section 33 paragraph two, paragraph four and paragraph five and section 34 shall apply mutatis. In the case of appointing the proxy, the instrument appointing the proxy shall be submitted to the chairman of the board or to the person designated by the chairman of the board.

The voting as stipulated in paragraph one which deems each share has one vote shall not apply to the case where the company issues preference shares and provides the right to vote less than that of ordinary shares.

**Section 103** Unless otherwise prescribed by this Act, in a meeting of shareholders, there shall be shareholders and proxies (if any) attending at the meeting amounting to not less than twenty-five persons or not less than one half of the total number of shareholders and in either case such shareholders shall hold shares amounting to not less than one-third of the total number of shares sold to constitute a quorum.

At any meeting of shareholders, in the case where one hour has passed since the time for which the meeting is scheduled and the number of shareholders attending the meeting is still inadequate for a quorum as prescribed under paragraph one, if such meeting of shareholders was called as a result of a request by the shareholders under section 100, such meeting shall be cancelled. If such meeting of shareholders was not called as a result of a request by the shareholders under section 100, the meeting shall be called once again and the notice calling such meeting shall be delivered to shareholders not less than seven days prior to the date of the meeting. In the subsequent meeting, a quorum is not required.

**Section 105** The Chairman of the shareholder meeting has the duty to conduct the meeting in compliance with the articles of association of the company relating to meetings and to follow the sequence of the agenda specified in the notice calling for the meeting, provided that the meeting may pass a resolution allowing a change in the Sequence of the agenda with a vote of not less than two-third of the number of the shareholders present at the meeting.

If the consideration of the matters referred to in the first paragraph is finished, the shareholders holding shares amounting to not less than one-third of the total number of shares sold may request the meeting to consider matters other than those indicated in the notice calling for the meeting.

If the meeting has not concluded the consideration of the matters according to the sequence of the agenda as referred to in the first paragraph or the matters raised by shareholders under the second paragraph, as the case may be, and it is necessary to postpone the consideration of the meeting, the meeting shall determine the place, date and time for the next meeting and the board of directors shall, not less than seven days prior to the date of the meeting, deliver to the shareholders notice calling the meeting which indicates the place, date, time and the agendas of the meeting. The notice calling the meeting shall also be published in a newspaper not less than three days prior to the date of meeting.

**Section 108** If a shareholder meeting was called or a resolution was passed with a failure to comply with or in contravention of the articles of association of the company or the provision of this Act, not less than five shareholders or shareholders representing not less than one-fifth of the total number of shares sold may make a motion to the court for an order to cancel a resolution passed at such meeting, provided that the motion shall be made within one month of the date the resolution was passed. If the court orders cancellation of the resolution of the shareholder meeting under the first paragraph, the company shall notify the shareholders within one month of the date of the final adjustment.